Section 1. Identification

Product name: Castrol CRB Monograde 50 CF/CF-2
SDS #: 469849
Code: 469849-US31

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use: Engine Oils. For specific application advice see appropriate Technical Data Sheet or consult our company representative.

Supplier: BP Lubricants USA Inc.
1500 Valley Road
Wayne, NJ 07470
Telephone: 1-888-CASTROL

EMERGENCY HEALTH INFORMATION:
1 (800) 447-8735

Outside the US: +1 703-527-3887 (CHEMTREC)

EMERGENCY SPILL INFORMATION:
1 (800) 424-9300 CHEMTREC (USA)

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status: This material is not considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture: Not classified.

GHS label elements

Signal word: No signal word.

Hazard statements: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Precautionary statements

Prevention: Not applicable.
Response: Not applicable.
Storage: Not applicable.
Disposal: Not applicable.

Hazard not otherwise classified: Defatting to the skin. USED ENGINE OILS

Used engine oil may contain hazardous components which have the potential to cause skin cancer. See Toxicological Information, section 11 of this Safety Data Sheet.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture: Mixture

Highly refined base oil (IP 346 DMSO extract < 3%). Proprietary performance additives.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient name</th>
<th>CAS number</th>
<th>%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Base oil - highly refined</td>
<td>Varies - See Key to abbreviations</td>
<td>≥25 - ≤50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Residual oils (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed</td>
<td>64742-62-7</td>
<td>≥25 - ≤50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic</td>
<td>64742-54-7</td>
<td>≤3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Product name: Castrol CRB Monograde 50 CF/CF-2
Product code: 469849-US31
Version: 3
Date of issue: 04/15/2021.
Format: US
Language: ENGLISH
Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

**Eye contact**
In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Eyelids should be held away from the eyeball to ensure thorough rinsing. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention.

**Skin contact**
Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

**Inhalation**
If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

**Ingestion**
Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

**Protection of first-aiders**
No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

**Notes to physician**
Treatment should in general be symptomatic and directed to relieving any effects.

**Specific treatments**
No specific treatment.

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

**Extinguishing media**

**Suitable extinguishing media**
In case of fire, use foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide extinguisher or spray.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media**
Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

**Hazardous combustion products**
Combustion products may include the following: carbon oxides (CO, CO₂) (carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide)

**Special protective actions for fire-fighters**
No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire.

**Special protective equipment for fire-fighters**
Fire-fighters should wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full turnout gear.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

**Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

**For non-emergency personnel**
No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. Floors may be slippery; use care to avoid falling.

**For emergency responders**
If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Section 6. Accidental release measures

Environmental precautions
Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill
Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Absorb with an inert material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill
Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures
Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

Advice on general occupational hygiene
Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Wash thoroughly after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Store and use only in equipment/containers designed for use with this product. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Not suitable
Prolonged exposure to elevated temperature

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Base oil - highly refined
ACGIH TLV (United States).
TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Issued/Revised: 11/2009 Form: Inhalable fraction
OSHA PEL (United States).
TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Issued/Revised: 6/1993

Residual oils (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed
ACGIH TLV (United States).
TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Issued/Revised: 11/2009 Form: Inhalable fraction
OSHA PEL (United States).
TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Issued/Revised: 6/1993

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic
ACGIH TLV (United States).
TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Issued/Revised: 11/2009 Form: Inhalable fraction
OSHA PEL (United States).
TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Issued/Revised: 6/1993
Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**Hand protection**

In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.

Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the relevant airborne concentrations below their respective occupational exposure limits.

The final choice of protective equipment will depend upon a risk assessment. It is important to ensure that all items of personal protective equipment are compatible.

Wear protective gloves if prolonged or repeated contact is likely.  Wear chemical resistant gloves.  Recommended: Nitrile gloves.  The correct choice of protective gloves depends upon the chemicals being handled, the conditions of work and use, and the condition of the gloves (even the best chemically resistant glove will break down after repeated chemical exposures). Most gloves provide only a short time of protection before they must be discarded and replaced. Because specific work environments and material handling practices vary, safety procedures should be developed for each intended application. Gloves should therefore be chosen in consultation with the supplier/manufacturer and with a full assessment of the working conditions.

**Body protection**

Use of protective clothing is good industrial practice.

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Cotton or polyester/cotton overalls will only provide protection against light superficial contamination that will not soak through to the skin. Overalls should be laundered on a regular basis. When the risk of skin exposure is high (e.g. when cleaning up spillages or if there is a risk of splashing) then chemical resistant aprons and/or impervious chemical suits and boots will be required.

**Eye/face protection**

Safety glasses with side shields.

**Respiratory protection**

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Environmental exposure controls

Environmental exposure controls

**Hygiene measures**

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing.

Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Individual protection measures**

**Skin protection**

**Hand protection**

Wear protective gloves if prolonged or repeated contact is likely.  Wear chemical resistant gloves.  Recommended: Nitrile gloves.  The correct choice of protective gloves depends upon the chemicals being handled, the conditions of work and use, and the condition of the gloves (even the best chemically resistant glove will break down after repeated chemical exposures). Most gloves provide only a short time of protection before they must be discarded and replaced. Because specific work environments and material handling practices vary, safety procedures should be developed for each intended application. Gloves should therefore be chosen in consultation with the supplier/manufacturer and with a full assessment of the working conditions.

**Body protection**

Use of protective clothing is good industrial practice.

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Cotton or polyester/cotton overalls will only provide protection against light superficial contamination that will not soak through to the skin. Overalls should be laundered on a regular basis. When the risk of skin exposure is high (e.g. when cleaning up spillages or if there is a risk of splashing) then chemical resistant aprons and/or impervious chemical suits and boots will be required.

**Other skin protection**

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory protection**

In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.

The correct choice of respiratory protection depends upon the chemicals being handled, the conditions of work and use, and the condition of the respiratory equipment. Safety procedures should be developed for each intended application. Respiratory protection equipment should therefore be chosen in consultation with the supplier/manufacturer and with a full assessment of the working conditions.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance**

**Physical state**

Liquid.

**Color**

Brown.

**Odor**

Not available.

**Odor threshold**

Not available.

**pH**

Not applicable.
Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

- **Melting point**: Not available.
- **Boiling point**: Not available.
- **Flash point**: Closed cup: 220.5°C (428.9°F) [Pensky-Martens.]
- **Pour point**: 6°C
- **Evaporation rate**: Not available.
- **Flammability (solid, gas)**: Not applicable. Based on - Physical state
- **Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits**: Not available.
- **Vapor pressure**: Not available.
- **Vapor density**: Not available.
- **Density**: <1000 kg/m³ (<1 g/cm³) at 15°C
- **Solubility**: Insoluble in water.
- **Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water**: Not available.
- **Auto-ignition temperature**: Not available.
- **Decomposition temperature**: Not available.
- **Viscosity**: Kinematic: 217.7 mm²/s (217.7 cSt) at 40°C
  Kinematic: 17 to 18 mm²/s (17 to 18 cSt) at 100°C

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

- **Reactivity**: No specific test data available for this product. Refer to Conditions to avoid and Incompatible materials for additional information.
- **Chemical stability**: The product is stable.
- **Possibility of hazardous reactions**: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.
- **Conditions to avoid**: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).
- **Incompatible materials**: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials.
- **Hazardous decomposition products**: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

**Information on toxicological effects**

- **Information on the likely routes of exposure**
- **Potential acute health effects**
  - **Eye contact**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
  - **Skin contact**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
  - **Inhalation**: Vapor inhalation under ambient conditions is not normally a problem due to low vapor pressure.
  - **Ingestion**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics**
- **Eye contact**: No specific data.
- **Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
  - irritation
  - dryness
  - cracking
Section 11. Toxicological information

Inhalation
No specific data.

Ingestion
No specific data.

**Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure**

**Short term exposure**

Potential immediate effects
Not available.

Potential delayed effects
Not available.

**Long term exposure**

Potential immediate effects
Not available.

Potential delayed effects
Not available.

**Potential chronic health effects**

**General**
USED ENGINE OILS
Combustion products resulting from the operation of internal combustion engines contaminate engine oils during use. Used engine oil may contain hazardous components which have the potential to cause skin cancer. Frequent or prolonged contact with all types and makes of used engine oil must therefore be avoided and a high standard of personal hygiene maintained.

**Carcinogenicity**
No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Mutagenicity**
No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Teratogenicity**
No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Developmental effects**
No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Fertility effects**
No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Numerical measures of toxicity**

**Acute toxicity estimates**
Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

**Toxicity**
No testing has been performed by the manufacturer.

**Persistence and degradability**
Expected to be biodegradable.

**Bioaccumulative potential**
This product is not expected to bioaccumulate through food chains in the environment.

**Mobility in soil**

**Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>)**
Not available.

**Mobility**
Spillages may penetrate the soil causing ground water contamination.

**Other adverse effects**
No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Other ecological information**
Spills may form a film on water surfaces causing physical damage to organisms. Oxygen transfer could also be impaired.
Section 13. Disposal considerations

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Significant quantities of waste product residues should not be disposed of via the foul sewer but processed in a suitable effluent treatment plant. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DOT Classification</th>
<th>TDG Classification</th>
<th>IMDG</th>
<th>IATA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>UN proper shipping name</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transport hazard class(es)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Packing group</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Environmental hazards</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>No.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Additional information</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Special precautions for user Not available.

Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments Not available.

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations

United States inventory (TSCA 8b) All components are active or exempted.

SARA 302/304

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 311/312

Classification Not applicable.

SARA 313

Form R - Reporting requirements This product does not contain any hazardous ingredients at or above regulated thresholds.

Supplier notification This product does not contain any hazardous ingredients at or above regulated thresholds.

State regulations

Massachusetts The following components are listed: OIL MIST, MINERAL; OIL MIST, MINERAL

New Jersey None of the components are listed.

Pennsylvania None of the components are listed.

California Prop. 65

Product name Castrol CRB Monograde 50 CF/CF-2 Product code 469849-US31 Page: 7/9
Version 3 Date of issue 04/15/2021 Format US Language ENGLISH
Section 15. Regulatory information

⚠️ WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Benzene, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. This product can expose you to chemicals including Naphthalene and Ethylbenzene, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer, and Toluene, which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Other regulations

- **Australia inventory (AICS)**: All components are listed or exempted.
- **Canada inventory**: All components are listed or exempted.
- **China inventory (IECSC)**: All components are listed or exempted.
- **Japan inventory (ENCS)**: All components are listed or exempted.
- **Korea inventory (KECI)**: All components are listed or exempted.
- **Philippines inventory (PICCS)**: All components are listed or exempted.
- **Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory (TCSI)**: All components are listed or exempted.
- **Canada inventory**: All components are listed or exempted.
- **Australia inventory (AICS)**: All components are listed or exempted.
- **China inventory (IECSC)**: All components are listed or exempted.
- **Japan inventory (ENCS)**: All components are listed or exempted.
- **Korea inventory (KECI)**: All components are listed or exempted.
- **Philippines inventory (PICCS)**: All components are listed or exempted.
- **Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory (TCSI)**: All components are listed or exempted.
- **REACH Status**: For the REACH status of this product please consult your company contact, as identified in Section 1.

Section 16. Other information

**National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)**

- **Flammability**: 1
- **Health**: 0
- **Instability/Reactivity**: 0
- **Special**: 0

**History**

- **Date of issue/Date of revision**: 04/15/2021.
- **Date of previous issue**: 10/22/2020.
- **Prepared by**: Product Stewardship
- **Key to abbreviations**:
  - ACGIH = American Conference of Industrial Hygienists
  - ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
  - BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
  - CAS Number = Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number
  - GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
  - IATA = International Air Transport Association
  - IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
  - IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
  - LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
  - OEL = Occupational Exposure Limit
  - SDS = Safety Data Sheet
  - STEL = Short term exposure limit
  - TWA = Time weighted average
  - UN = United Nations
  - UN Number = United Nations Number, a four digit number assigned by the United Nations Committee of Experts on the Transport of Dangerous Goods.
  - Varies = may contain one or more of the following 64741-88-4, 64741-89-5, 64741-95-3, 64741-96-4, 64742-01-4, 64742-44-5, 64742-45-6, 64742-52-5, 64742-53-6, 64742-54-7, 64742-55-8, 64742-56-9, 64742-57-0, 64742-58-1, 64742-62-7, 64742-63-8, 64742-65-0, 64742-70-7, 72623-85-9, 72623-86-0, 72623-87-1

_ATTRIB: Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

**Notice to reader**

---

**Product name**: Castrol CRB Monograde 50 CF/CF-2
**Product code**: 469849-US31
**Page**: 8/9
**Version**: 3
**Date of issue**: 04/15/2021.
**Format**: US
**Language**: ENGLISH
Section 16. Other information

All reasonably practicable steps have been taken to ensure this data sheet and the health, safety and environmental information contained in it is accurate as of the date specified below. No warranty or representation, express or implied is made as to the accuracy or completeness of the data and information in this data sheet.

The data and advice given apply when the product is sold for the stated application or applications. You should not use the product other than for the stated application or applications without seeking advice from BP Group.

It is the user’s obligation to evaluate and use this product safely and to comply with all applicable laws and regulations. The BP Group shall not be responsible for any damage or injury resulting from use, other than the stated product use of the material, from any failure to adhere to recommendations, or from any hazards inherent in the nature of the material. Purchasers of the product for supply to a third party for use at work, have a duty to take all necessary steps to ensure that any person handling or using the product is provided with the information in this sheet. Employers have a duty to tell employees and others who may be affected of any hazards described in this sheet and of any precautions that should be taken. You can contact the BP Group to ensure that this document is the most current available. Alteration of this document is strictly prohibited.