Section 1. Identification

Product name: Castrol CRB Monograde 10W CF
SDS #: 469523
Code: 469523-US31

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use: Engine Oils.
For specific application advice see appropriate Technical Data Sheet or consult our company representative.

Supplier: BP Lubricants USA Inc.
1500 Valley Road
Wayne, NJ 07470
Telephone: 1-888-CASTROL

EMERGENCY HEALTH INFORMATION:
1 (800) 447-8735
Outside the US: +1 703-527-3887 (CHEMTREC)

EMERGENCY SPILL INFORMATION:
1 (800) 424-9300 CHEMTREC (USA)

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status: This material is not considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture: Not classified.

GHS label elements

Signal word: No signal word.

Hazard statements: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Precautionary statements

Prevention: Not applicable.
Response: Not applicable.
Storage: Not applicable.
Disposal: Not applicable.

Hazards not otherwise classified:
Defatting to the skin.
USED ENGINE OILS
Used engine oil may contain hazardous components which have the potential to cause skin cancer.
See Toxicological Information, section 11 of this Safety Data Sheet.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture: Mixture
Highly refined base oil (IP 346 DMSO extract < 3%). Proprietary performance additives.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient name</th>
<th>CAS number</th>
<th>%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic</td>
<td>64742-65-0</td>
<td>≥90</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic</td>
<td>64742-54-7</td>
<td>≤3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.
Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

**Description of necessary first aid measures**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Action</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Eye contact</strong></td>
<td>In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Eyelids should be held away from the eyeball to ensure thorough rinsing. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Skin contact</strong></td>
<td>Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Inhalation</strong></td>
<td>If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Ingestion</strong></td>
<td>Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Protection of first-aiders</strong></td>
<td>No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

**Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary**

| Notes to physician | Treatment should in general be symptomatic and directed to relieving any effects. |
| Specific treatments | No specific treatment. |

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

**Extinguishing media**

| Suitable extinguishing media | In case of fire, use foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide extinguisher or spray. |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | Do not use water jet. |

**Specific hazards arising from the chemical**

| Hazardous combustion products | In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. Combustion products may include the following: carbon oxides (CO, CO₂) (carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide) |

**Special protective actions for fire-fighters**

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. Fire-fighters should wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full turnout gear.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

**Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Action</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>For non-emergency personnel</strong></td>
<td>No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. Floors may be slippery; use care to avoid falling.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>For emergency responders</strong></td>
<td>If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in &quot;For non-emergency personnel&quot;.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Environmental precautions</strong></td>
<td>Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Section 6. Accidental release measures

**Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up**

**Small spill**
Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Absorb with an inert material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

**Large spill**
Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Section 7. Handling and storage

**Precautions for safe handling**

**Protective measures**
Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

**Advice on general occupational hygiene**
Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Wash thoroughly after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

**Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**
Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Store and use only in equipment_containers designed for use with this product. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

**Not suitable**
Prolonged exposure to elevated temperature

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**Control parameters**

**Occupational exposure limits**

**Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Source</th>
<th>Limit</th>
<th>Date of issue</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ACGIH TLV (United States)</td>
<td>TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Issued/Revised: 11/2009 Form: Inhalable fraction</td>
<td>11/2009</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OSHA PEL (United States)</td>
<td>TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Issued/Revised: 6/1993</td>
<td>6/1993</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Source</th>
<th>Limit</th>
<th>Date of issue</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ACGIH TLV (United States)</td>
<td>TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Issued/Revised: 11/2009 Form: Inhalable fraction</td>
<td>11/2009</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OSHA PEL (United States)</td>
<td>TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Issued/Revised: 6/1993</td>
<td>6/1993</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Appropriate engineering controls**
All activities involving chemicals should be assessed for their risks to health, to ensure exposures are adequately controlled. Personal protective equipment should only be considered after other forms of control measures (e.g. engineering controls) have been suitably evaluated. Personal protective equipment should conform to appropriate standards, be suitable for use, be kept in good condition and properly maintained. Your supplier of personal protective equipment should be consulted for advice on selection and appropriate standards. For further information contact your national organisation for standards.

Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the relevant airborne concentrations below their respective occupational exposure limits. The final choice of protective equipment will depend upon a risk assessment. It is important to ensure that all items of personal protective equipment are compatible.
Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Environmental exposure controls
Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures
Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection
Safety glasses with side shields.

Skin protection

Hand protection
Wear protective gloves if prolonged or repeated contact is likely. Wear chemical resistant gloves. Recommended: Nitrile gloves. The correct choice of protective gloves depends upon the chemicals being handled, the conditions of work and use, and the condition of the gloves (even the best chemically resistant glove will break down after repeated chemical exposures). Most gloves provide only a short time of protection before they must be discarded and replaced. Because specific work environments and material handling practices vary, safety procedures should be developed for each intended application. Gloves should therefore be chosen in consultation with the supplier/manufacturer and with a full assessment of the working conditions.

Body protection
Use of protective clothing is good industrial practice. Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Cotton or polyester/cotton overalls will only provide protection against light superficial contamination that will not soak through to the skin. Overalls should be laundered on a regular basis. When the risk of skin exposure is high (e.g. when cleaning up spillages or if there is a risk of splashing) then chemical resistant aprons and/or impervious chemical suits and boots will be required.

Other skin protection
Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection
In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. The correct choice of respiratory protection depends upon the chemicals being handled, the conditions of work and use, and the condition of the respiratory equipment. Safety procedures should be developed for each intended application. Respiratory protection equipment should therefore be chosen in consultation with the supplier/manufacturer and with a full assessment of the working conditions.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Appearance</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Physical state</td>
<td>Liquid.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Color</td>
<td>Brown.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odor</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odor threshold</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melting point/freezing point</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash point</td>
<td>Closed cup: 210.5°C (410.9°F) [Pensky-Martens]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pour point</td>
<td>-42 °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evaporation rate</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability</td>
<td>Not applicable. Based on - Physical state</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

### Lower and upper explosion limit/flammmability limit
Not available.

### Vapor pressure

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient name</th>
<th>Vapor Pressure at 20°C</th>
<th>Vapor pressure at 50°C</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>mm Hg</td>
<td>kPa</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic</td>
<td>&lt;0.08</td>
<td>&lt;0.011</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic</td>
<td>&lt;0.08</td>
<td>&lt;0.011</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Benzenesulfonic acid, C14-44-branched and linear alkyl derivs., calcium salts, overbased</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Relative vapor density
Not available.

### Density
<1000 kg/m³ (<1 g/cm³) at 15°C

### Solubility
insoluble in water.

### Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water
Not applicable.

### Auto-ignition temperature
Not available.

### Decomposition temperature
Not available.

### Viscosity
- Kinematic: 41.76 mm²/s (41.76 cSt) at 40°C
- Kinematic: 6.7 mm²/s (6.7 cSt) at 100°C

### Particle characteristics
Median particle size
Not applicable.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

### Reactivity
No specific test data available for this product. Refer to Conditions to avoid and Incompatible materials for additional information.

### Chemical stability
The product is stable.

### Possibility of hazardous reactions
Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

### Conditions to avoid
Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).

### Incompatible materials
Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials.

### Hazardous decomposition products
Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

#### Information on the likely routes of exposure
Routes of entry anticipated: Dermal, Inhalation.

#### Potential acute health effects

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Route of exposure</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Eye contact</td>
<td>No known significant effects or critical hazards.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Skin contact</td>
<td>No known significant effects or critical hazards.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>Vapor inhalation under ambient conditions is not normally a problem due to low vapor pressure.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ingestion</td>
<td>No known significant effects or critical hazards.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Section 11. Toxicological information

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact  No specific data.
Skin contact Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation, dryness, cracking
Inhalation No specific data.
Ingestion No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure
Potential immediate effects Not available.
Potential delayed effects Not available.

Long term exposure
Potential immediate effects Not available.
Potential delayed effects Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

General USED ENGINE OILS
Combustion products resulting from the operation of internal combustion engines contaminate engine oils during use. Used engine oil may contain hazardous components which have the potential to cause skin cancer. Frequent or prolonged contact with all types and makes of used engine oil must therefore be avoided and a high standard of personal hygiene maintained.

Carcinogenicity No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity Developmental effects
No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity
Acute toxicity estimates Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity
No testing has been performed by the manufacturer.

Persistence and degradability
Expected to be biodegradable.

Bioaccumulative potential
This product is not expected to bioaccumulate through food chains in the environment.

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (KOC) Not available.
Mobility Spillages may penetrate the soil causing ground water contamination.
Section 12. Ecological information

Other adverse effects
No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Other ecological information
Spills may form a film on water surfaces causing physical damage to organisms. Oxygen transfer could also be impaired.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods
The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Significant quantities of waste product residues should not be disposed of via the foul sewer but processed in a suitable effluent treatment plant. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>UN number</th>
<th>DOT Classification</th>
<th>TDG Classification</th>
<th>IMDG</th>
<th>IATA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>UN proper shipping name</th>
<th>DOT Classification</th>
<th>TDG Classification</th>
<th>IMDG</th>
<th>IATA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Transport hazard class(es)</th>
<th>DOT Classification</th>
<th>TDG Classification</th>
<th>IMDG</th>
<th>IATA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Packing group</th>
<th>DOT Classification</th>
<th>TDG Classification</th>
<th>IMDG</th>
<th>IATA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Environmental hazards</th>
<th>DOT Classification</th>
<th>TDG Classification</th>
<th>IMDG</th>
<th>IATA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>No.</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Additional information</th>
<th>DOT Classification</th>
<th>TDG Classification</th>
<th>IMDG</th>
<th>IATA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Special precautions for user
Not available.

Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments
Not available.

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations
All components are active or exempted.

SARA 302/304
Composition/information on ingredients
No products were found.

SARA 311/312
Classification
Not applicable.

SARA 313
- Form R - Reporting requirements
This product does not contain any hazardous ingredients at or above regulated thresholds.
- Supplier notification
This product does not contain any hazardous ingredients at or above regulated thresholds.

State regulations
Section 15. Regulatory information

Massachusetts The following components are listed: OIL MIST, MINERAL; OIL MIST, MINERAL
New Jersey None of the components are listed.
Pennsylvania None of the components are listed.
California Prop. 65

⚠️ WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Benzene, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. This product can expose you to chemicals including Naphthalene and Ethylbenzene, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer, and Toluene, which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Other regulations

Australia inventory (AIIC) All components are listed or exempted.
Canada inventory All components are listed or exempted.
China inventory (IECSC) All components are listed or exempted.
Japan inventory (CSCL) All components are listed or exempted.
Korea inventory (KECI) All components are listed or exempted.
Philippines inventory (PICCS) All components are listed or exempted.
Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory (TCSI) All components are listed or exempted.

REACH Status For the REACH status of this product please consult your company contact, as identified in Section 1.

Section 16. Other information

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

Flammability
Health 1
Instability/Reactivity 0
Special

History
Date of issue/Date of revision 11/19/2021.
Date of previous issue 08/17/2021.
Prepared by Product Stewardship

Key to abbreviations
ACGIH = American Conference of Industrial Hygienists
ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
CAS Number = Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number
GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
IATA = International Air Transport Association
IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
OEL = Occupational Exposure Limit
SDS = Safety Data Sheet
STEL = Short term exposure limit
TWA = Time weighted average
UN = United Nations
UN Number = United Nations Number, a four digit number assigned by the United Nations Committee of Experts on the Transport of Dangerous Goods.
Varies = may contain one or more of the following 64741-88-4, 64741-89-5, 64741-95-3, 64741-96-4, 64742-01-4, 64742-44-5, 64742-45-6, 64742-52-5, 64742-53-6, 64742-54-7, 64742-55-8, 64742-56-9, 64742-57-0, 64742-58-1, 64742-62-7, 64742-63-8, 64742-65-0, 64742-70-7, 72623-85-9, 72623-86-0, 72623-87-1

ертв Bates sned lmiration that has changed from previously issued version.

Product name Castrol CRB Monograde 10W CF
Version 2
Product code 469523-US31
Date of issue 11/19/2021.
Format US
Language ENGLISH
Section 16. Other information

Notice to reader
All reasonably practicable steps have been taken to ensure this data sheet and the health, safety and environmental information contained in it is accurate as of the date specified below. No warranty or representation, express or implied is made as to the accuracy or completeness of the data and information in this data sheet.

The data and advice given apply when the product is sold for the stated application or applications. You should not use the product other than for the stated application or applications without seeking advice from BP Group.

It is the user’s obligation to evaluate and use this product safely and to comply with all applicable laws and regulations. The BP Group shall not be responsible for any damage or injury resulting from use, other than the stated product use of the material, from any failure to adhere to recommendations, or from any hazards inherent in the nature of the material. Purchasers of the product for supply to a third party for use at work, have a duty to take all necessary steps to ensure that any person handling or using the product is provided with the information in this sheet. Employers have a duty to tell employees and others who may be affected of any hazards described in this sheet and of any precautions that should be taken. You can contact the BP Group to ensure that this document is the most current available. Alteration of this document is strictly prohibited.